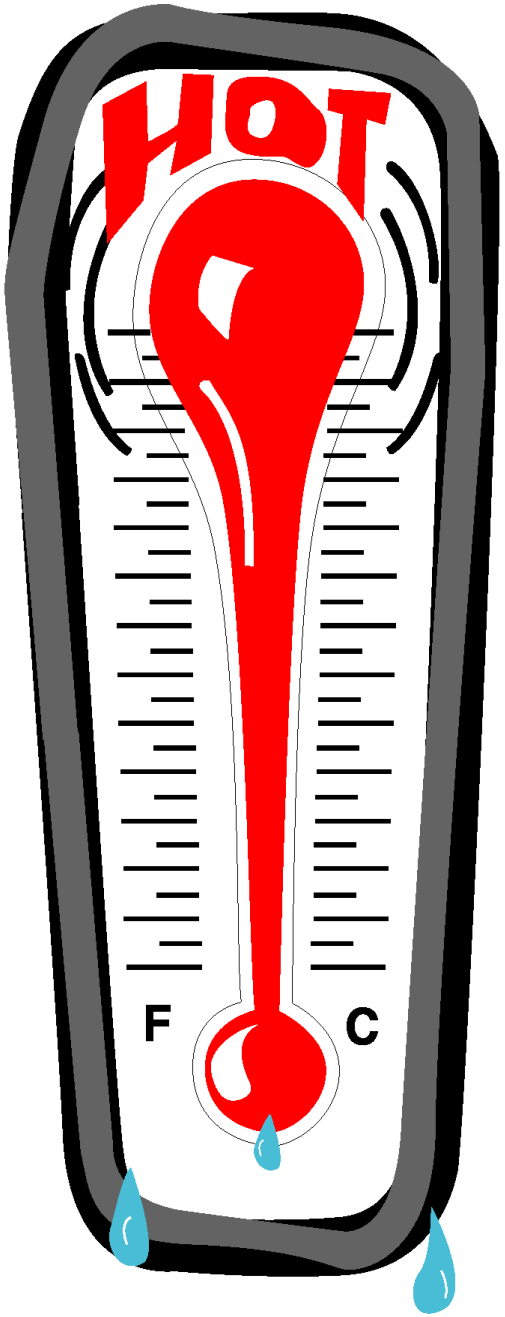
SOME CHILLING CONSIDERATIONS ABOUT GLOBAL WARMING



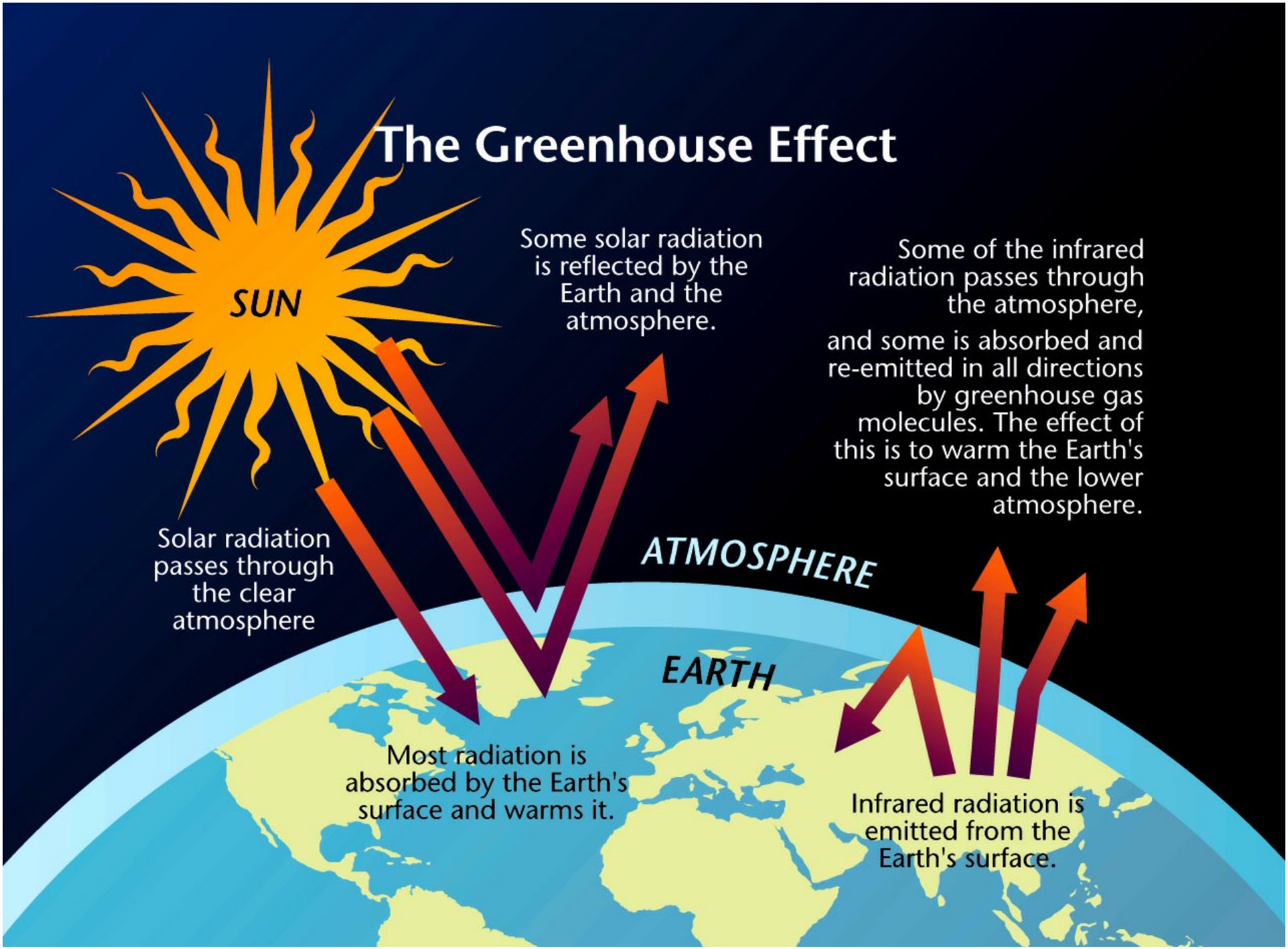
Stephen E. Schwartz

BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY

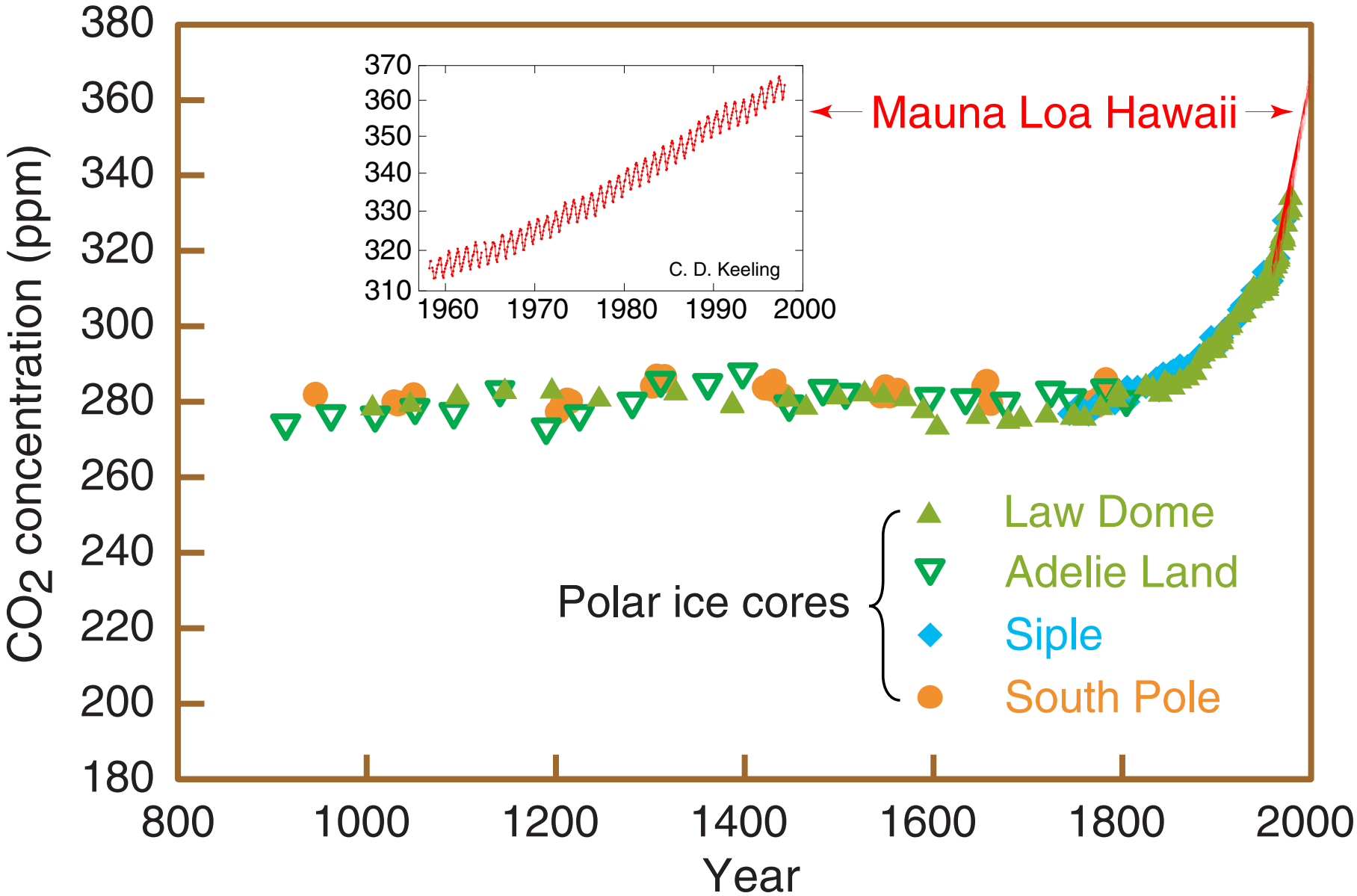
Jewish Center of the Moriches

Center Moriches, New York
December 11, 2008

http://www.ecd.bnl.gov/steve

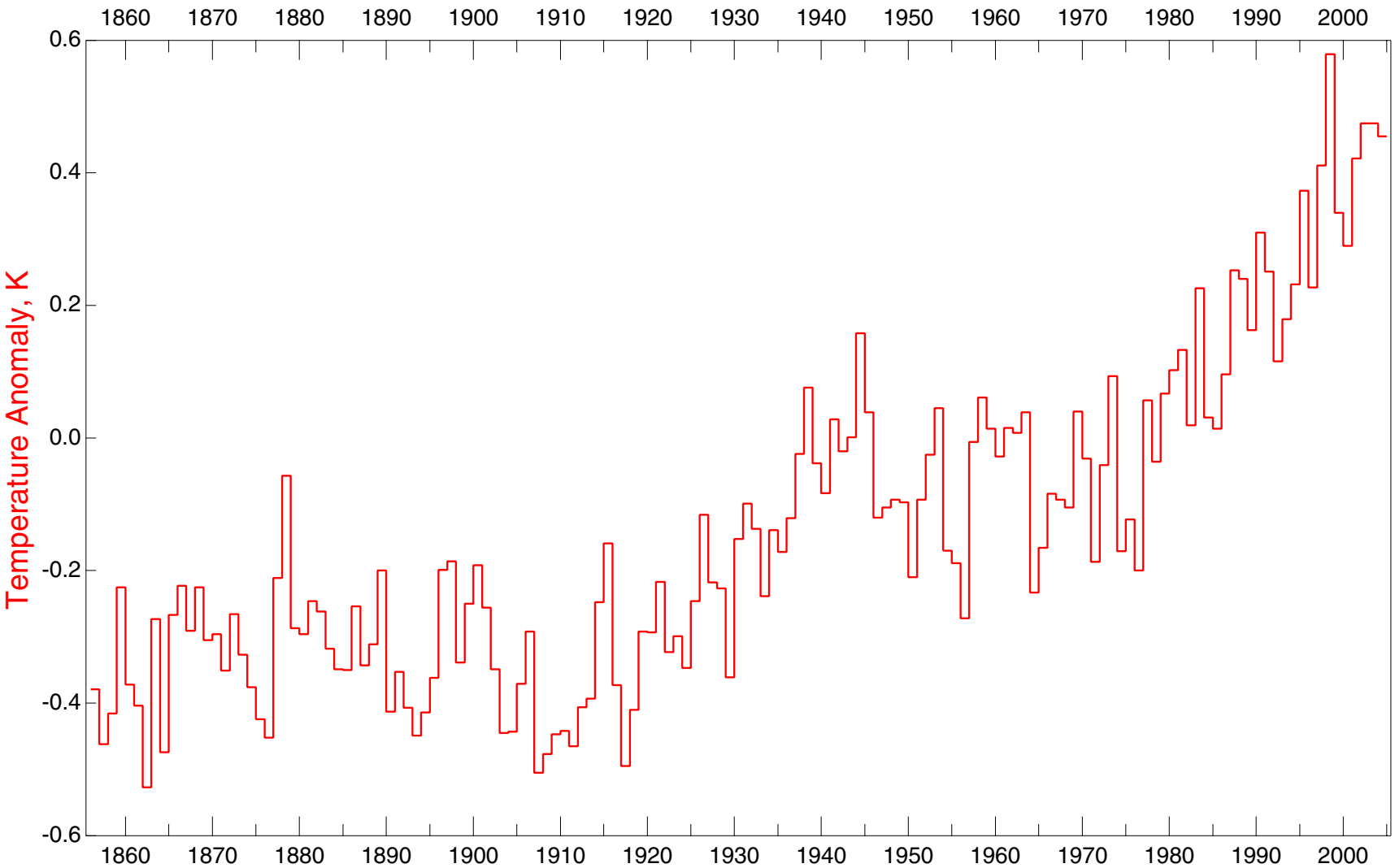

The Greenhouse Effect
SUN
Some solar radiation is reflected by the Earth and the atmosphere.
Some of the infrared radiation passes through the atmosphere,
and some is absorbed and re-emitted in all directions by greenhouse gas molecules. The effect of this is to warm the Earth's surface and the lower atmosphere.
Solar radiation passes through the clear atmosphere
ATMOSPHERE
EARTH
Most radiation is absorbed by the Earth's surface and warms it.
Infrared radiation is emitted from the Earth's surface.

ATMOSPHERIC CARBON DIOXIDE IS INCREASING



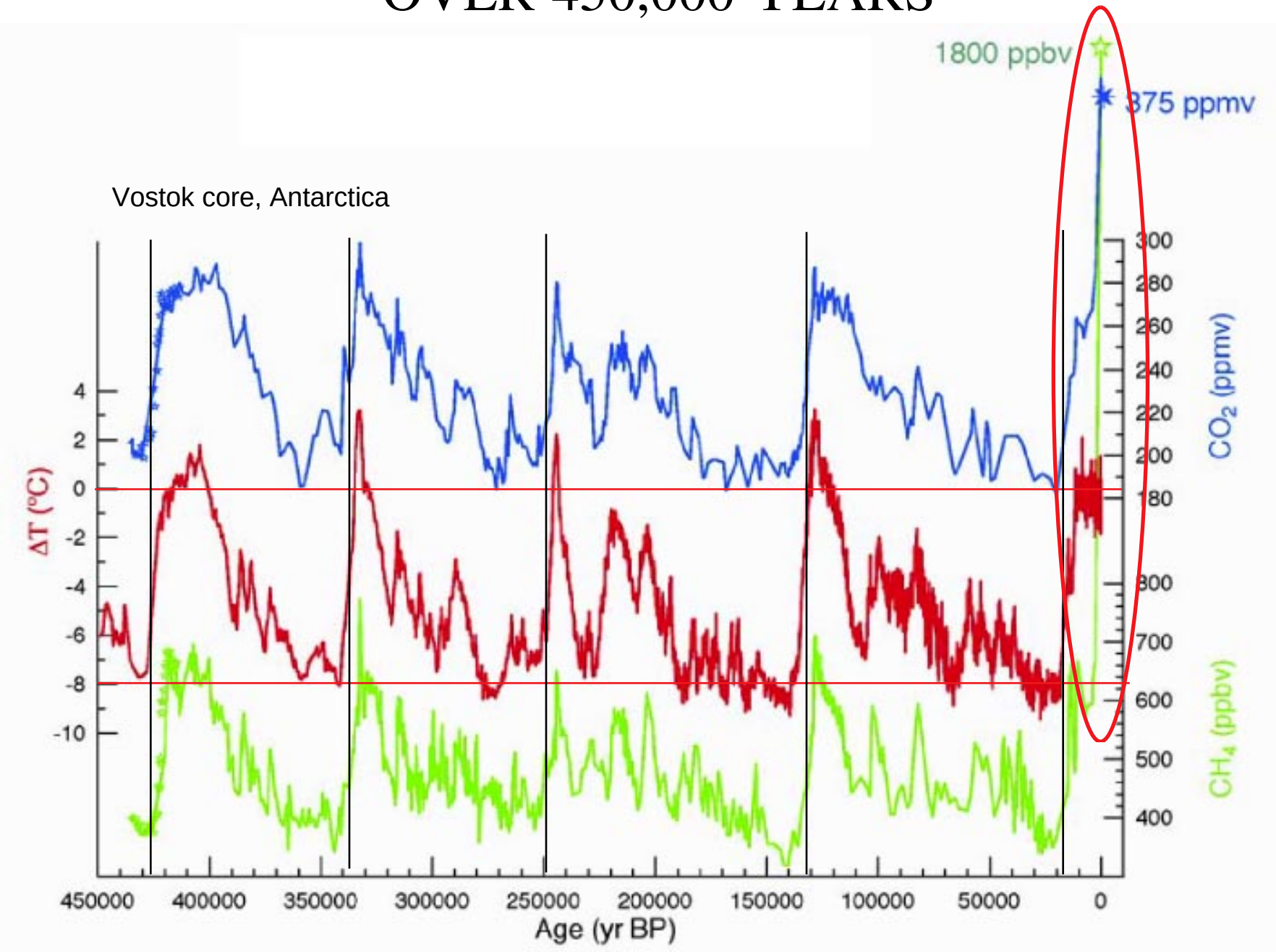
Global carbon dioxide concentration over the last thousand years

CHANGE IN GLOBAL MEAN SURFACE TEMPERATURE 1855-2004



Climate Research Unit, University of East Anglia, UK

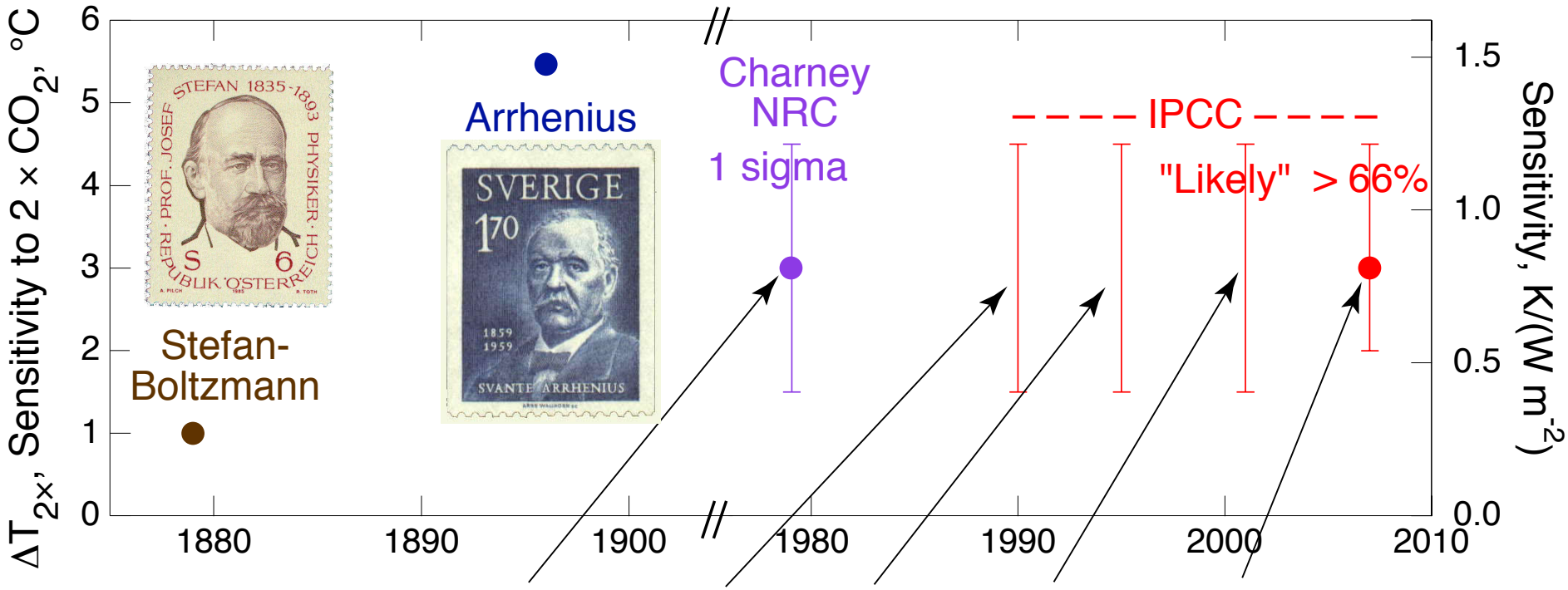
GREENHOUSE GASES AND TEMPERATURE OVER 450,000 YEARS

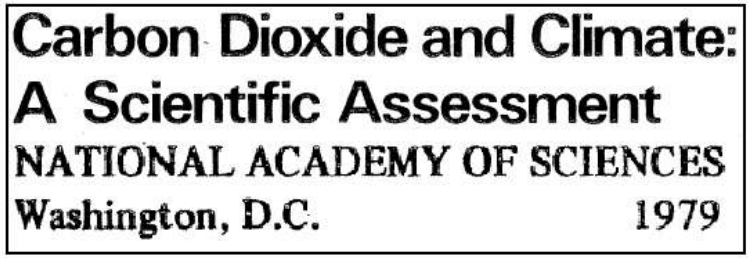


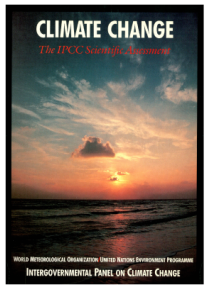
Modified from Petit et al., Nature, 1999

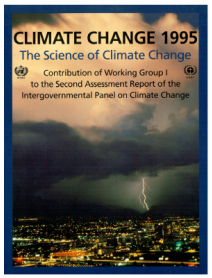
CLIMATE SENSITIVITY ESTIMATES THROUGH THE AGES

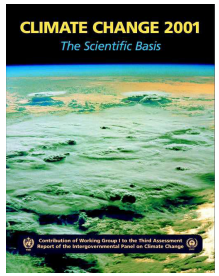
Estimates of central value and uncertainty range from major national and international assessments

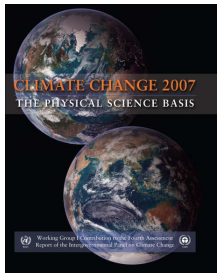






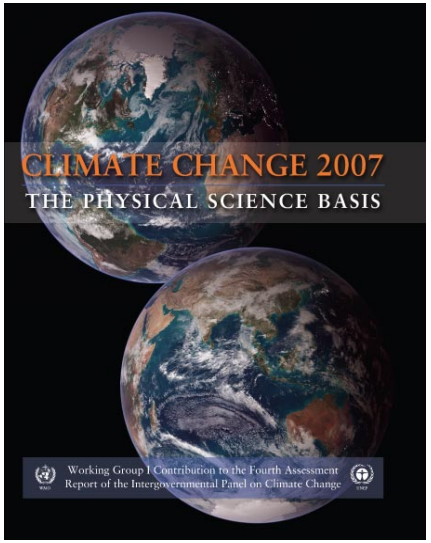






Despite extensive research, climate sensitivity remains ***highly uncertain***.

THE ‘BIBLE’ OF CLIMATE CHANGE



It's big and thick.

Every household should have one.

No one reads it from cover to cover.

You can open it up on any page and find something interesting.

It was written by a committee.

It is full of internal contradictions.

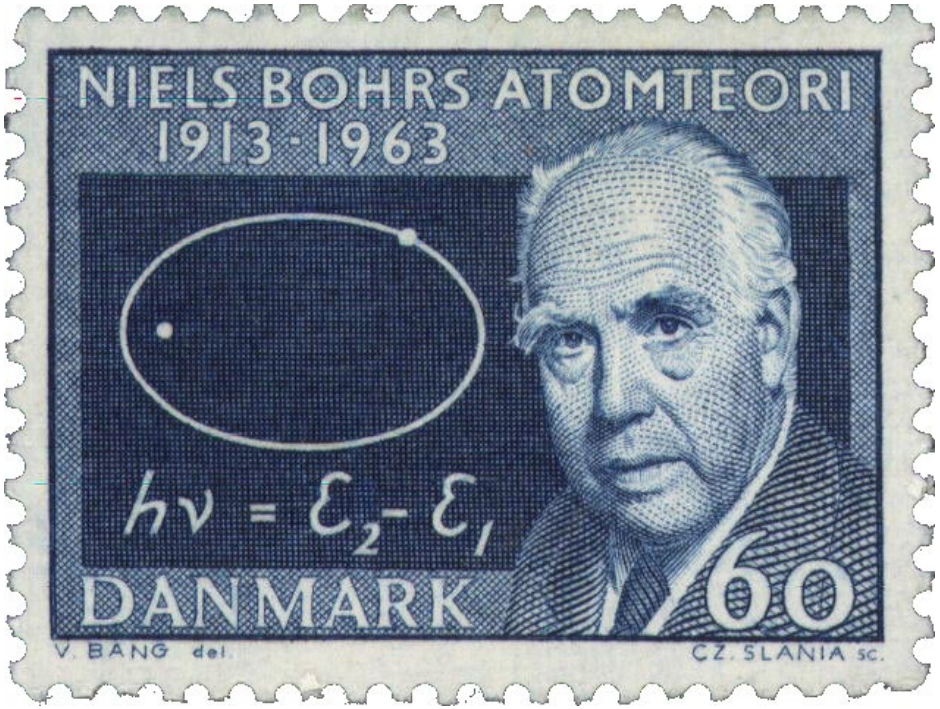
It deals with cataclysmic events such as floods and droughts.

It has its true believers and its rabid skeptics.

http://ipcc-wg1.ucar.edu/wg1/wg1-report.html

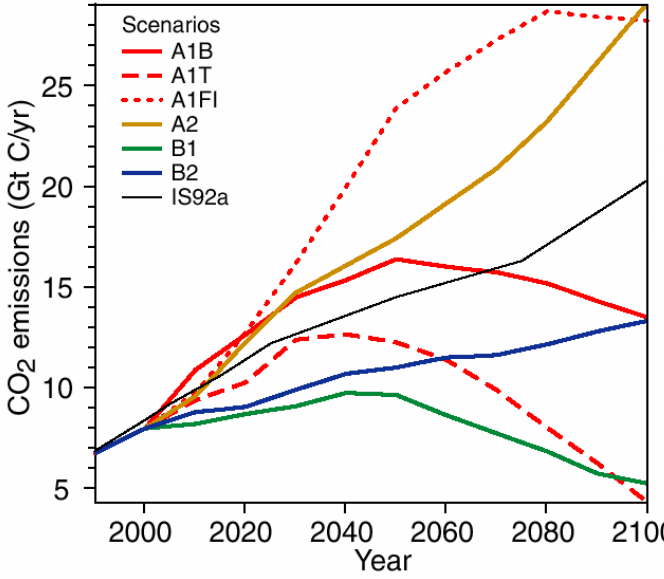
Looking to the Future . . .

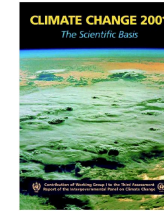
Prediction is difficult, especially about the future.



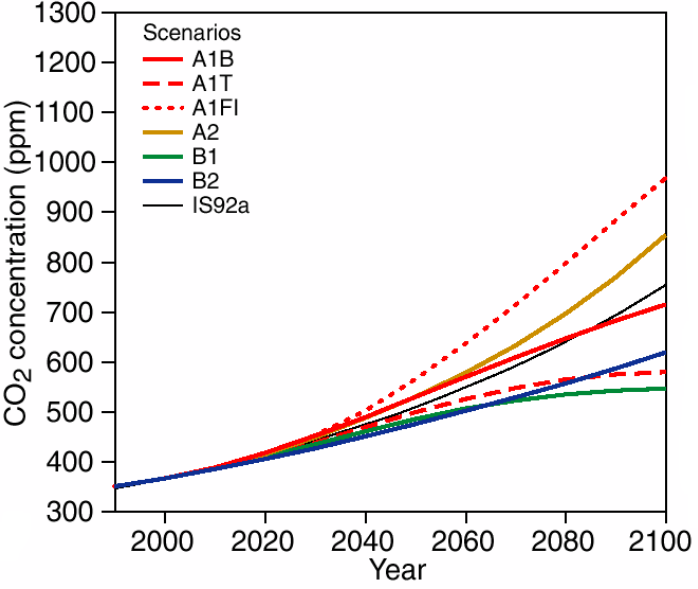
– Niels Bohr

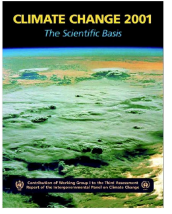
PROJECTIONS OF FUTURE CO2 EMISSIONS



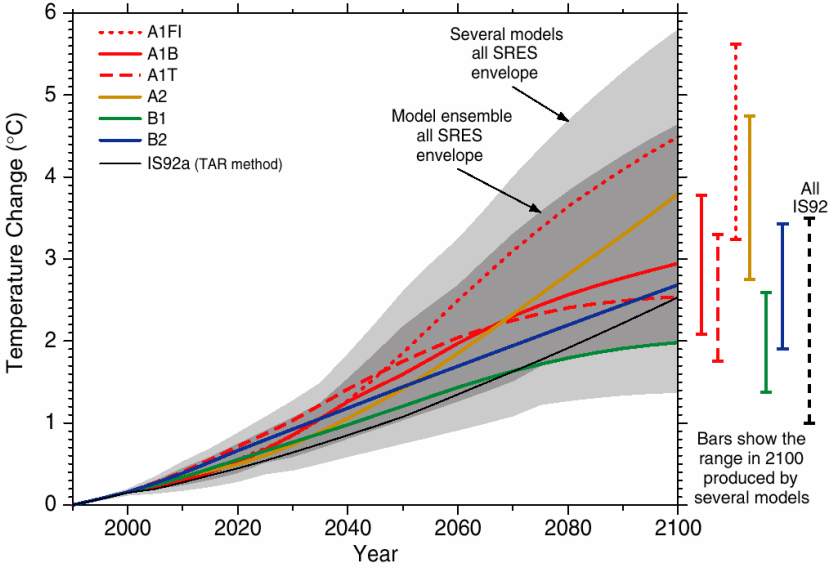


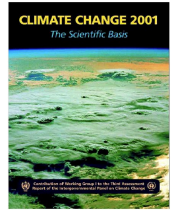
PROJECTIONS OF FUTURE CO2 CONCENTRATIONS





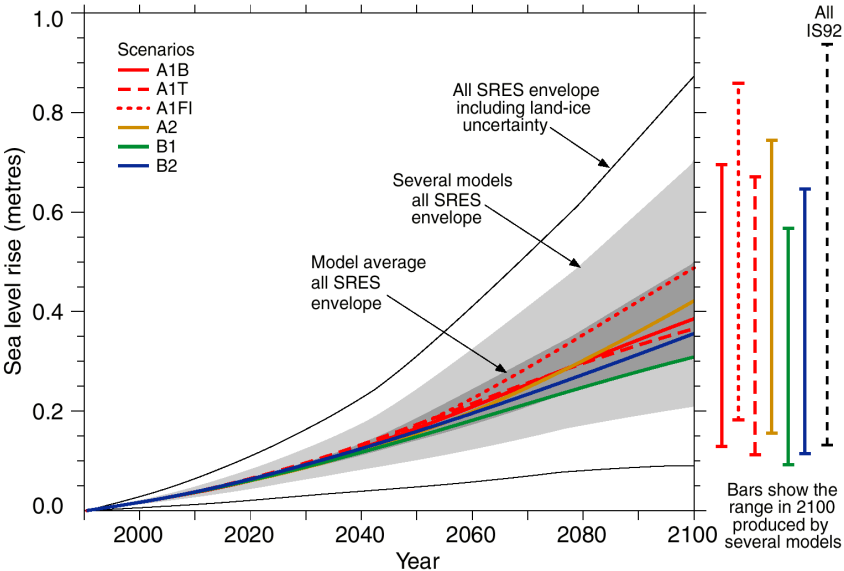
PROJECTIONS OF FUTURE TEMPERATURE CHANGE

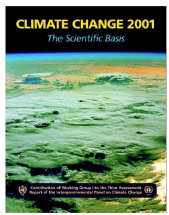




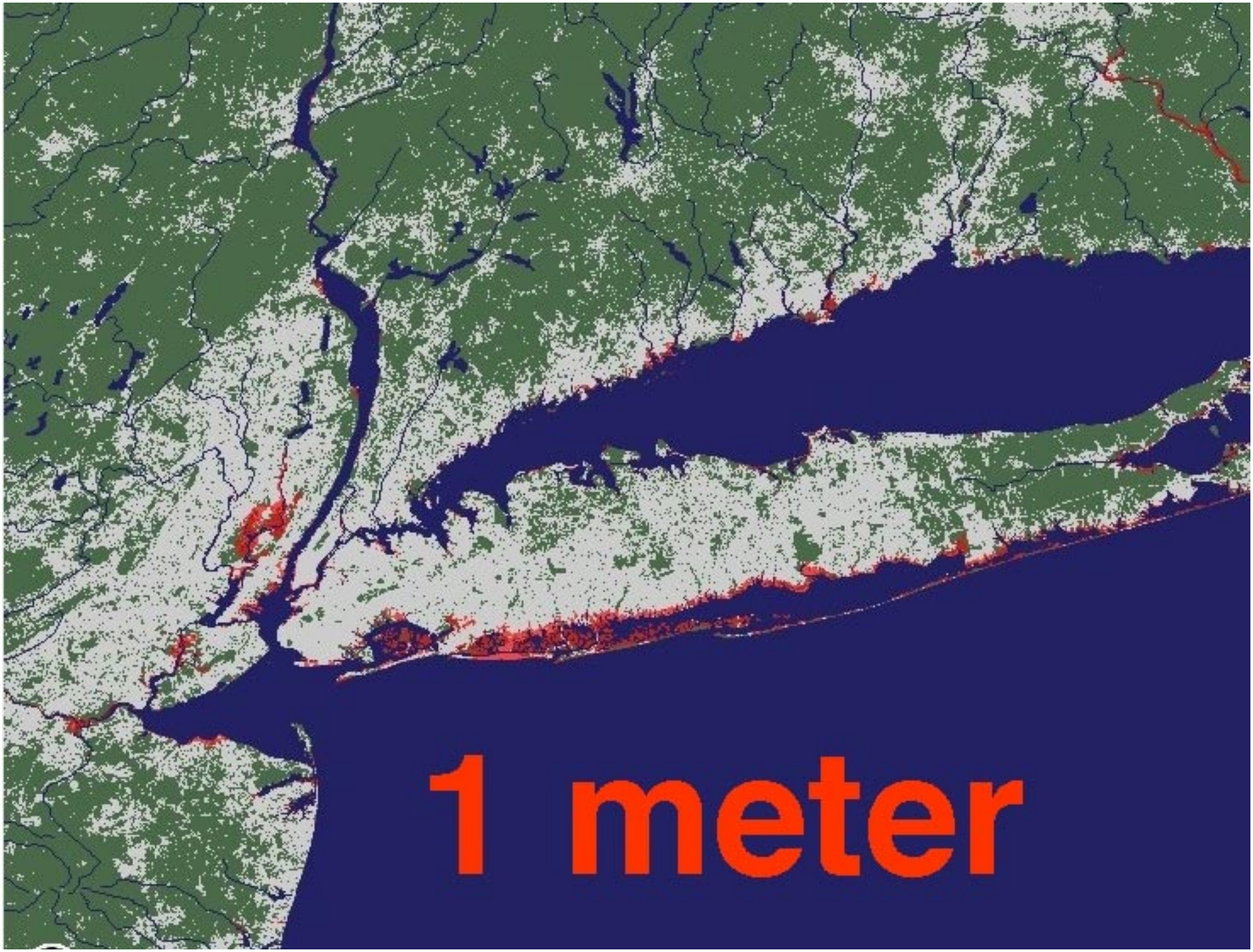
PROJECTIONS OF FUTURE SEA LEVEL RISE

Thermosteric (density change) only





Weiss and Overpeck, University of Arizona

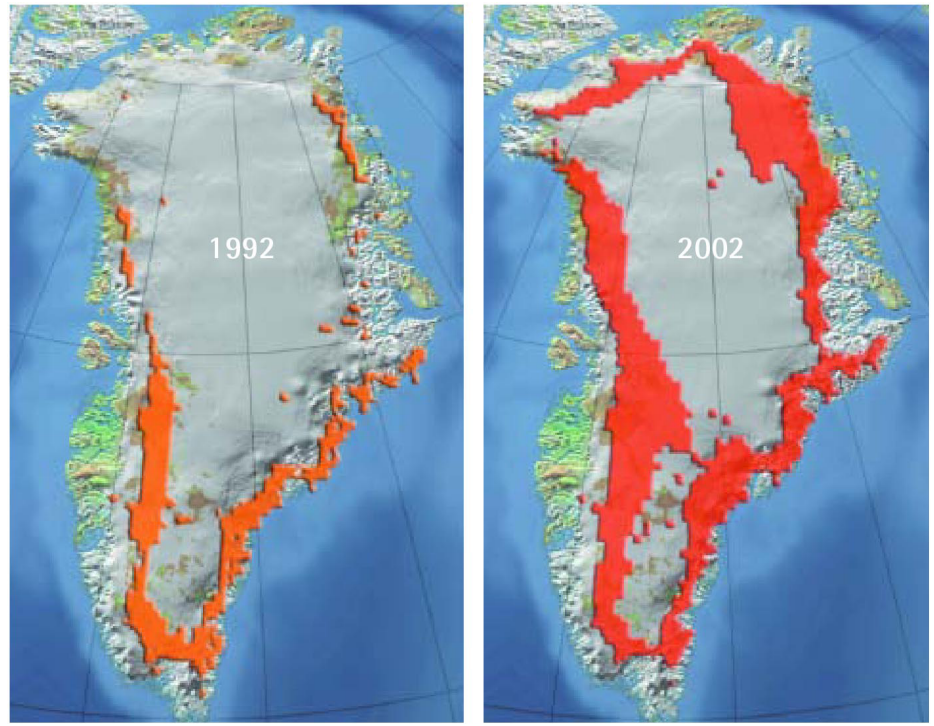


Weiss and Overpeck, University of Arizona

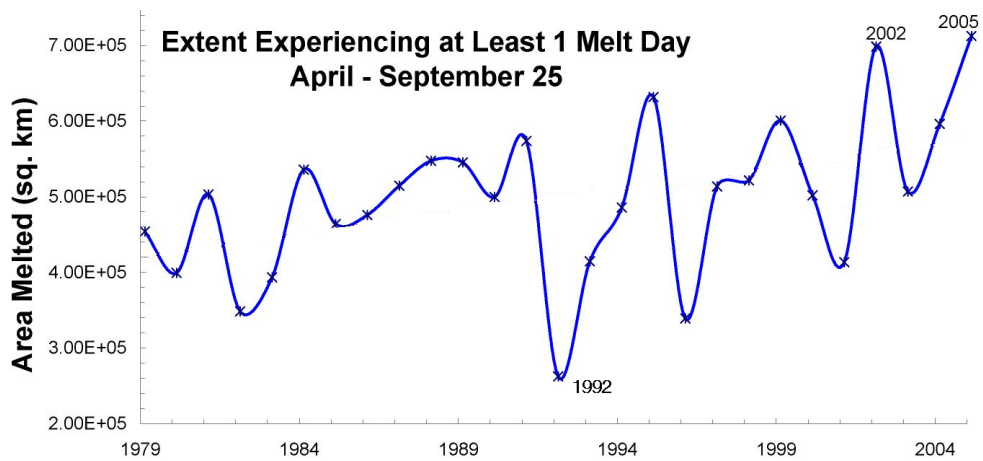
MELTING OF GREENLAND ICE CAP

Satellite determination of extent of glacial melt 1992 vs 2002

NASA

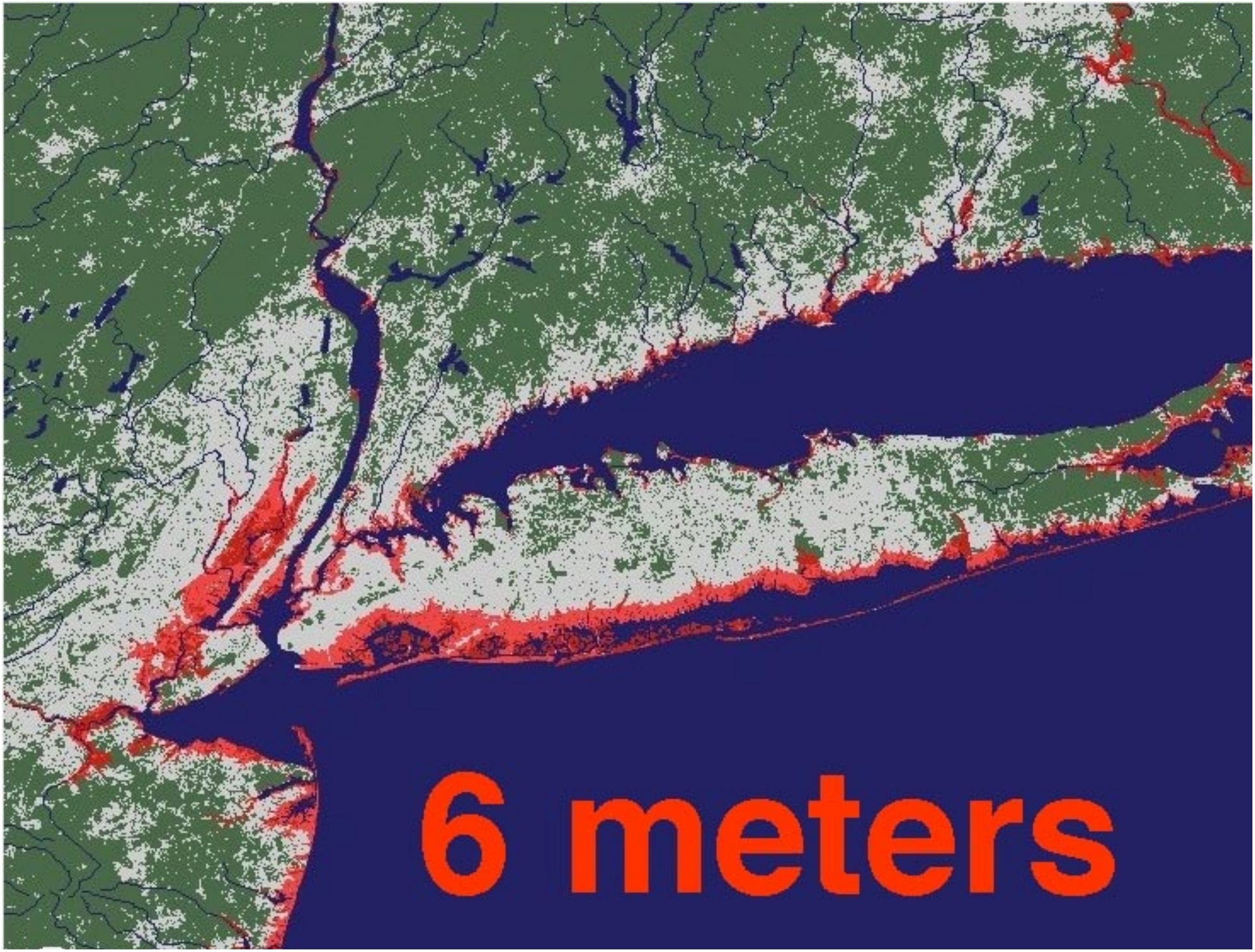


Arctic Climate Impact Assessment, Cambridge, 2004

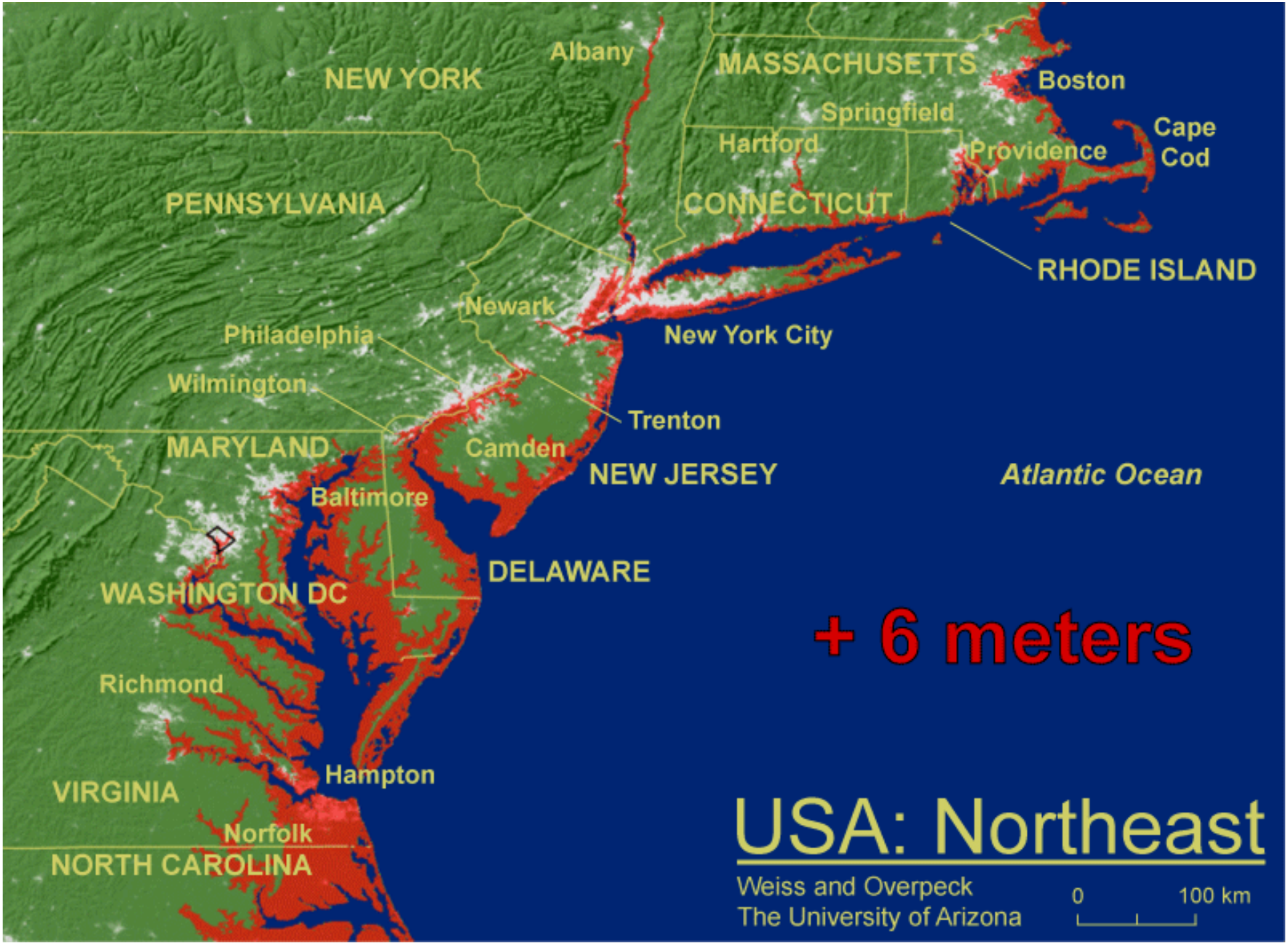


Steffen & Huff , Univ. Colo., 2005

Complete melt of the Greenland ice sheet would raise the level of the global ocean 7 meters.


6 meters

NEW YORK
Albany
MASSACHUSETTS
Boston
Springfield
Cape Cod
Hartford
Providence
PENNSYLVANIA
CONNECTICUT
RHODE ISLAND
Newark
Philadelphia
New York City
Wilmington
Trenton
MARYLAND
Camden
NEW JERSEY
Atlantic Ocean
Baltimore
DELAWARE
WASHINGTON DC
Present
Richmond
Hampton
VIRGINIA
Norfolk
NORTH CAROLINA
USA: Northeast
Weiss and Overpeck
The University of Arizona
0
100 km


NEW YORK
Albany
MASSACHUSETTS
Boston
Springfield
Cape Cod
Hartford
Providence
PENNSYLVANIA
CONNECTICUT
RHODE ISLAND
Newark
Philadelphia
New York City
Wilmington
Trenton
MARYLAND
Camden
NEW JERSEY
Atlantic Ocean
Baltimore
DELAWARE
WASHINGTON DC
+ 6 meters
Richmond
Hampton
VIRGINIA
Norfolk
NORTH CAROLINA
USA: Northeast
Weiss and Overpeck
The University of Arizona
0
100 km

"Gentlemen, it's time we gave some serious thought to the effects of global warming."

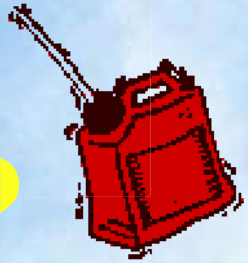
WHERE IS ALL THIS CO_2 COMING FROM?

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

HOW MUCH CARBON IS IN A GALLON OF GASOLINE?

1 lb?

2 lbs?



3 lbs!?

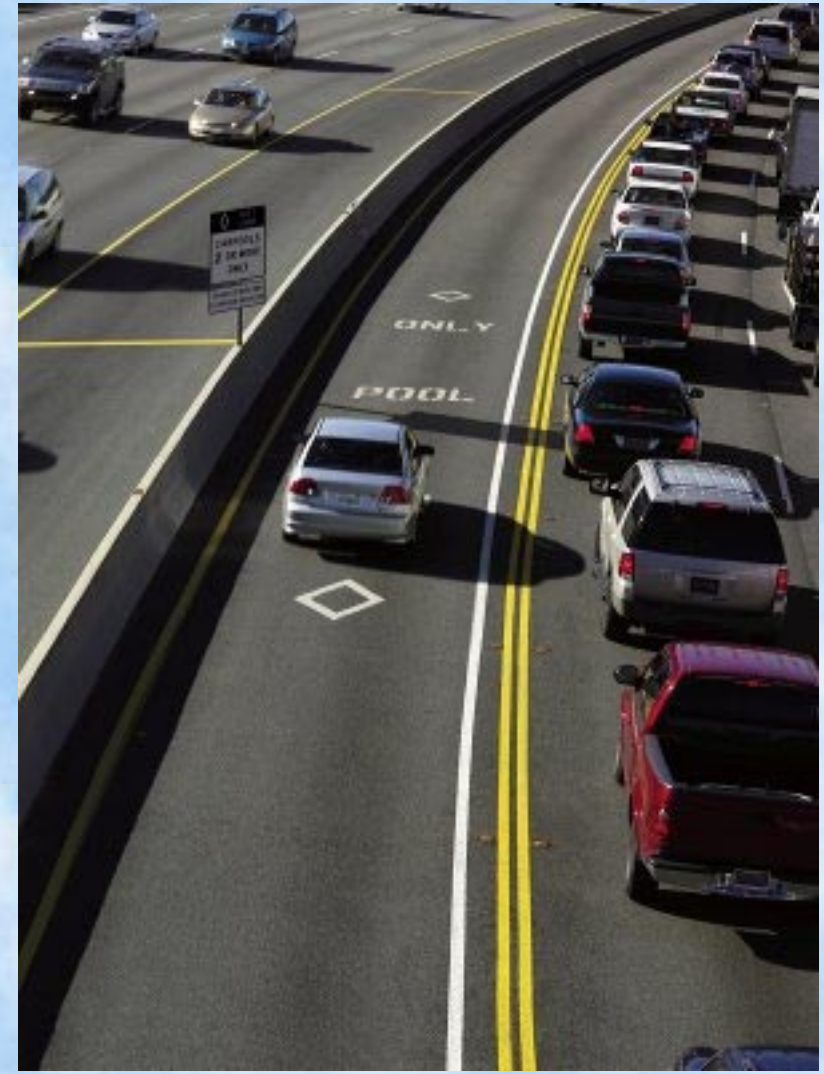
5 lbs!?!

All of this carbon goes into the atmosphere as carbon dioxide when you burn the gasoline in your car.

THE MOST EFFECTIVE WAY TO DOUBLE THE FUEL ECONOMY OF A CAR . . .

IS TO PUT TWO PEOPLE IN IT!

CARPOOLING CAN SAVE MORE THAN GAS



CONCLUDING REMARKS

Atmospheric carbon dioxide will continue to increase absent major changes in the world's energy economy.

The consequences of this increase are not well known but they range from ***serious*** to ***severe*** to ***catastrophic***.

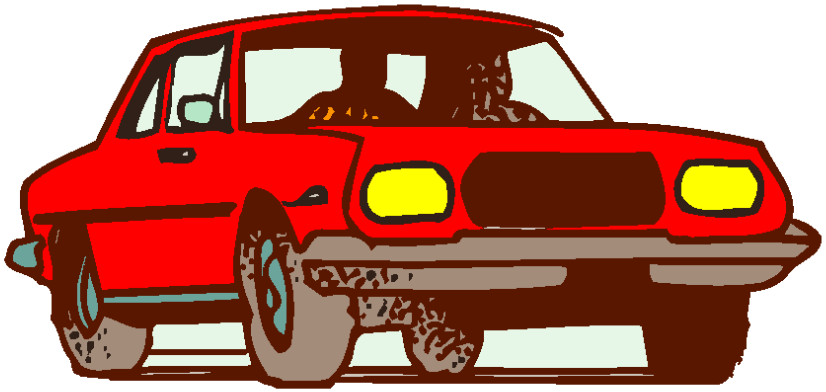
Present scientific understanding is sufficient to permit "no regrets" decision making.

Research is urgently needed to refine "what if" projections.

Actions taken (or not taken) today will inevitably affect future generations.

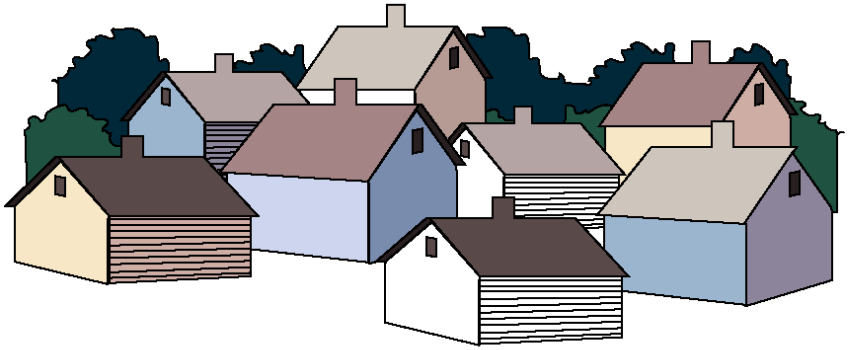
WHERE IS THIS CARBON DIOXIDE COMING FROM?

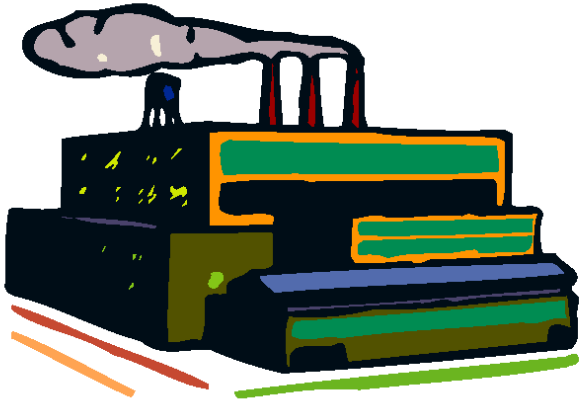
WE ARE ALL RESPONSIBLE.



Burning a gallon of gasoline in your car puts 5 pounds of carbon in the atmosphere as carbon dioxide (CO_2), and it will stay there for decades — maybe a century!

Other sources are home heating and electric power production.





Global Atmosphere, Global Warming

QUESTIONS ABOUT GLOBAL WARMING

- IS IT REAL?
- IS IT IMPORTANT?
- WHAT IS IT DUE TO?
- HOW MUCH MORE CAN WE EXPECT?
- ARE WE SEEING JUST THE TIP OF THE ICEBERG?

RESEARCH AT BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY IS HELPING TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS.